

Prof. Dr. Katharina Hancke
Ulm University
Dep. of Obs and Gyn
Prittwitzstr. 43
89075 Ulm
Germany



Social Freezing – the modern family planning

Since family planning seems to be shifted into a later decade and fertility declines with age, the possibility of oocyte collection and freezing is an upcoming issue. Before performing social freezing a careful instruction should be preceded – the side effects of controlled ovarian hyperstimulation and of oocyte retrieval should be discussed, the costs and the influence of age – and most important the realistic chances of pregnancy should be clarified. The data of the donor egg program show a realistic pregnancy rate with more than 30 frozen and thawed oocytes, which means that the procedure of social freezing needs to be performed several times and best in younger aged women. In this lecture I want to point out the advantages and the disadvantages of social freezing.

CV

UNIVERSITY 1996 – 1998 University of Göttingen, Germany
 1998 – 2003 University of Freiburg, Germany

CAREER **SPECIALIZATION FOR OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY**
2004-2006 Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology
University Freiburg
2006-2009 Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology
University Ulm
SPECIALIZATION FOR GYN. ENDOCRINOLOGY AND REPRODUCTION
2009-2012
apl PROFESSOR
2014

DOCTORAL THESES 2002: hormonal inactive pituitary adenomas

HABILITATION 2012: special herausforderungen with breast cancer

RESEARCH Fertility preservation
 Reproduction